

## Suctioning using Clean Suction Technique



Portable Suction Machine



Suction Catheter



Safe Suction Depth



Saline Bullets to flush catheter



#### Why do I need to Suction?

When a person has a tracheostomy tube it is difficult for them to cough out their mucus on their own. Although some may cough out secretions on their own not all mucus is able to be cleared from the airway. If the mucus is not suctioned it increases the risk of the lungs developing infections leading to frequent hospitalizations.

#### How often do I need to Suction?

It will vary depending on the status of the child.

At a minimum:

- First thing in the morning, and right before bed.
- Before trach change.
- As needed.

#### Indications for need to be Suctioned

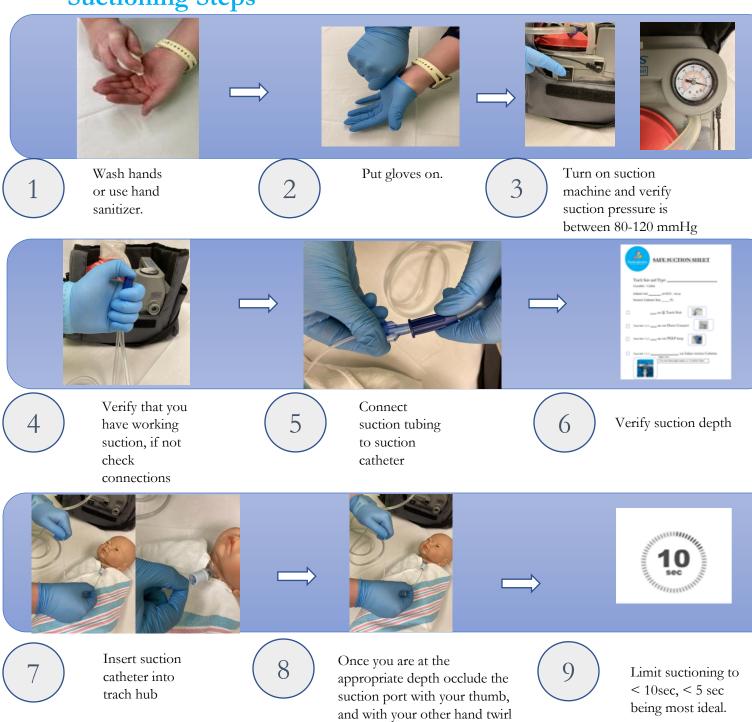
- ➤ Increased work of breathing, retractions, flaring of the nostrils, and sweating.
- Coughing, High Pressure Alarm Sounding (if vented)
- ➤ "Rumbling or Bubbling" audible noise heard. You may also place your hand on their chest to feel secretions.

#### What do I need to Suction?

- ✓ Suction machine and tubing
- ✓ Closed suction catheter (inline), proper size
- ✓ Normal saline bullets to flush catheter after finishing suctioning
- ✓ Safe Suction Depth Sheet, found in "Go Bag"
- ✓ Gloves and Hand Sanitizer

f your child is in distress and you are unable to pass the suction cathete through the trach tube, PULL THE TRACH OUT AND INSERT A NEW ONE as that trach may be plugged!

# **Suctioning Steps**



the suction catheter between your fingers while drawing

back the catheter.

### Optional Step If Secretions Are Really Thick



Repeat if necessary. You may also consider giving your child blow-by oxygen from the resuscitator bag if oxygen saturations decrease. If needed you may extend past the suction depth by 1-2cm if patient has secretions that feel like it is "just there."

Squeeze the saline drops into the port. \*Be sure to continuously depress the thumb port while squeezing the saline.

## ★ Signs of illness include:

- Change in the amount, color, odor, or consistency of secretions.
- Increase in respiratory rate.

This document contains information and/or instructional materials developed by Ranken Jordan Pediatric Bridge Hospital. This content does not replace medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment. Talk to your child's health care provider if you have any questions about this document, your child's condition, or your child's treatment plan. If your child is not a Ranken Jordan Pediatric Bridge Hospital patient, this document does not create a doctor-patient relationship between your child and Ranken Jordan Pediatric Bridge Hospital.